PART I—Section 2.

GENERAL.

No. G. 8844—*G. M.* 432-17-2, *dated 27th December* 1917.

The following telegram No. G. 645, dated 21st December 1917 [illegible] the Indian Munitions Board, Delhi, to the Chief Commissioner of Coorg, Bangalore, is published for general information :—

"Kindly give immediate publicity to following Press Communiqué begins. An estimate is being prepared of the trade demands for all commodities of urgent national importance which will be made on the United States of America during the first six months of 1918. stop. In order that this may be complete all these who expect to make such demands should supply before tenth January to Secretary, Indian Munitions Board, Delhi, a clear statement of their proposed orders giving quantity tonnage and value of each commodity separately. stop. Similar information is also required of orders already placed in the United States for which early delivery is desired. stop. As no demand will be included in the estimate unless it is clearly of urgent national importance full particulars in this respect should be supplied as there is no time for correspondence. All statements should be complete and clearly set out otherwise the demand will not be included. stop. Communique ends. Will Local Government furnish particulars of similar demands for Government departments under their control."

No. G. 8478—*G. M.* 299-17-6, *dated 21st December* 1917.

The following notice dated 13th December 1917, issued by the Mysore Residency is hereby republished for general information :—

"Passport Notice.

Dated 13th December 1917.

The following regulations, etc., are published for the information of those likely to be affected thereby :—

NORWAY.

Translation. REGULATIONS

of 7th September 1917, relating to Compulsory Passports for Passengers arriving in Norway laid down by the Norwegian Department of Justice in accordance with the Passport Act No. 2 of the 18th July 1917, Section 3 : see Order in Council of 24th August, 1917.

1. Every passenger arriving in Norway must be provided with a passport, even if resident in Norway.

Children over twelve years of age must have a separate passport, even if accompanying an adult.

Norwegian subjects able to prove their nationality by other papers of identity, or in some other manner, are not required to carry a passport.

2. The passport shall state the bearer's full name, profession or employment, birthplace, year and day of birth, fixed domicile, nationality (in what country the bearer has the rights of a State citizen), description, and the object of visiting Norway.

3. The passport must bear, adhering to it, a good photograph of recent date of the bearer, and the stamp (official seal) of the competent authority issuing the passport. One half of the seal must be impressed on the photograph (not on the face), and the other half on the paper of the passport.

The bearer of the passport must write his name on the passport in the presence of the authority issuing the same. The passport must also bear a certificate signed by such authority that the holder is the person shown by the photograph, and that he has personally written his name on the passport.

Furthermore, the passport, which must contain no correction of the text whatever, must bear the official seal or stamp of the authority issuing the same.

4. The passport shall be drawn up in the Norwegian, Swedish, Danish, English, French, or German language, or furnish with a translation into one of these languages, and state the period for which it is valid.

5. The passport shall be endorsed (vise) by the Norwegian Legation or Norwegian *Consul missus* in the country of issue. Other Norwegian Consular Officers can grant an

endorsement (visa) containing permission to enter Norway only if so specially authorised by the Norwegian Foreign Office.

6. The authority referred to in paragraph five can refuse to grant an endorsement (visa) if it appears undesirable, owing to the alleged object of the journey or for other reasons, for the applicant to be admitted into Norway.

In case of doubt on the part of a Norwegian Legation or Consular Officer whether a visa should be granted, the case should be referred for decision to the Norwegian Foreign Office.

7. The Norwegian Department of Justice can grant dispensation from the provisions of paragraph five in the case of subjects of a foreign country which grants admission to Norwegian subjects under the same conditions.

8. On condition of reciprocal treatment, the regulations enjoining compulsory passports are not applicable to persons belonging to the population of the frontier districts of Sweden towards Norway and who are Swedish subjects. Such persons can remain in the adjacent districts in Norway up to 72 hours merely on the production of a certificate from a public authority as to their nationality and residence.

9. Crews of ships arriving in Norway must be provided with passports conforming to these regulations, but need not have them endorsed (vises) in accordance with paragraph five. Should any of the crew leave the ship here, they must at once report themselves personally to the local police who will decide according to the provisions of the Act relating to Foreigners whether a certificate of having reported themselves or a residence book shall be issued to them. If not, the police can at once refuse to admit the applicant.

The officer in command on board is responsible for taking steps to see that these regulations are observed.

10. Persons arriving in Norway must at once report themselves in person to the Police of the district where they pass the frontier or first enter on Norwegian soil: show their passports if required to carry one: and afford the information requested by the Police. This do not, however, apply to the frontier traffic referred to in paragraph eight.

This report of arrival does not exempt the persons arriving from the obligation report themselves to the Police at the place of stay or destination as required by the provisions of the Foreigners Act.

11. Any person arriving in Norway who is not provided with a passport in cases where such is required, or who omits to comply with the provisions of these regulations in other respects, shall be immediately turned away.

12. The foregoing regulations do not apply to Heads and Members of Foreign Missions or members of their families, nor Diplomatic Couriers.

On the other hand they apply to temporary couriers (including commercial couriers) unless they belong to a country for which an exception is in force in accordance with the provisions of paragraph seven.

All couriers must carry a credential for this their capacity, and a list of the messenger's packages they carry, issued by the proper competent authority, together with a statement of the total weight in kilogrammes of such packages.

13. These regulations come into force on the 20th September 1917, and are valid until further notice. But foreigners arriving in Norway before the 1st November 1917, are not to be turned back owing to lack of a passport in the prescribed form if they have entered on their journey at a date when they cannot be supposed to have received information of these regulations.

AMENDMENTS

of 13th September, 1917, to paragraphs 5 and 7 or New Norwegian Passport Regulations of 7th September 1917.

The Norwegian Department of Justice has made the following amendments in the above regulations, under date 13th September, 1917 :—

Paragraph 5, sentence one, shall run as follows :—

"The passport shall be endorsed (vise) by the Norwegian Legation or Norwegian *Consul missus* in the country of issue, or where the holder of the passport is staying."

The following shall be added to paragraph 7 :—

"The provisions of paragraph 5 shall not be applicable in the case of aliens arriving in Norway in transit to another country. Such alien must, however, when required by the Passport Control state by what route he is travelling through Norway, show his ticket for the continuation of his journey, and continue his journey without unnecessary delay."

2. As the Swedish Government require visa for persons travelling through Sweden, persons arriving in Norway with the object of proceeding to Russia, but who have not their passports viseed for the journey through Sweden must be prepared that they will not be allowed to enter Norway.

DENMARK.

3. Besides the Danish Legation in London, the following Consular Officers in the United Kingdom have been authorised to vise passports for voyages to Denmark for persons belonging to States into the territory of which Danish subjects are not admitted unless their passports be vised by a diplomatic or consular representative of the States in question, *viz.*:—

The Danish Consular-General in London, and
The Danish Consular-General at Leith.

As far as India and the British Colonies and Dominions are concerned, the same authority has been given to:

the Danish Cansular-General at Calcutta, and
the Danish Consuls at Bombay, Colombo, Madras, Honkog, Singapore, Cape Town, Durban, Bridgetown (Barbados), and Halifax (N.S.)

E. H. S. JAMES,
First Assistant Resident."

No. G. 8836—*G. M.* 423-17-3, *dated* 26*th December* 1917.

The following amendments to the rules relating to the Mysore Local Service and Pleaders' Examinations issued with Notification No. 5841—Ex. 6-12-10, dated 3rd December 1913, are hereby published for general information:—

AMENDMENTS TO THE RULES.

Rule 1.—After "XIII. Clerkship Examination" the following shall be added:—"XIV. Co-operative Inspectors' Examination."

Rule 2.—After paragraph "XIII. Clerkship Examinations" the following shall be added:—

XIV. Co-operative Inspectors' Examination.

Subject	Text prescribed	Maximum number of marks for each subject	Time
1. Book-keeping	Inglis or Ball and Hamilton or Subramanya Iyer's Elementary Book-keeping.	100	3 hours.
2. Co-operative Societies' Regulation and Standing Orders relating to Co-operative Societies.		100	2 hours.

After Note 2, the following shall be added:—

"Note (3) Candidates who have passed the Mysore Accounts Entrance or Mysore Government Technical Examination in Book-keeping of the Intermediate grade are exempted from answering the paper on Book-keeping in the Co-operative Inspectors' examination. Such candidates are considered to have obtained the exact minimum number of marks prescribed for a pass and will be given such marks in the said subject."

Rule 4.—The following words "Co-operative Inspectors'" shall be inserted between the words "the Precis" and the "Accounts Entrance" in the first sentence.

Rule 6.—The following shall be added at the end:—

Examination	Appointment
Co-operative Inspectors' Examination.	The posts of Inspector or of Head Clerk in the Co-operative Department.

Rule 8. The present sub-heading (V) shall be changed to (VI), and after (IV) a sub-heading shall be added as follows:—

"(V) *For the Co-operative Inspectors' Examination.*

Persons who have taken a degree in any Indian University or have passed an examination equivalent to the Intermediate Examination of the Madras University."

After Exception 10 the following shall be added:—

"Exception 11. Persons who have been granted exemption by Government on the ground that they belong to a community not much represented in the Public Service will be allowed to appear for the Co-operative Inspectors' Examination."

Penultimate para of the above rule:—

Read "(IV) (*a*), (*b*), (V) or (VI) (*a*)" in line 2 for "(IV) (*a*), (*b*) or (V) (*a*)" and in line 2 of the sub-para 2 of the same read "(VI) (*b*) or (*c*)" for "(V) (*b*) or (*c*)."

The following paragraph shall be added to the same rule:—

"Every applicant, claiming admission under Exception 11, shall produce a certificate of exemption granted to him by Government.

Rule 11.—The following shall be added at the end:—

"XIV. Co-operative Inspectors' Examination. Rs. 7."

No. G. 8843—*G. M.* 434-17-2, *dated* 27*th December* 1917.

The following message issued by His Majesty the King-Emperor is published for general information.

"To My People,

The world-wide struggle for the triumph of liberty is entering upon its last and most difficult phase. The enemy is striving by desperate assault and subtle intrigue to perpetuate the wrongs already committed and to stem the tide of free civilisation. We have yet to complete the great task to which we have dedicated ourselves, and I would call upon you to devote a special day to prayer that we may have the clear-sightedness and strength necessary to the victory of our cause. This victory will be gained only if we steadfastly remember the responsibility resting upon us and in a spirit of reverent obedience ask the blessing of Almighty God upon our endeavours. Let us seek to be enlightened in our understanding and fortified in courage in facing the sacrifices we may yet have to make. I therefore appoint January 6th, the first Sunday in the New Year, to be set aside as a special day of prayer and thanksgiving in all the churches throughout my Dominions."

No. G. 1458, *dated* 28*th October* 1903.

The following paragraphs 1 and 2 from the Proceedings of the Government of India in the Home Department (Public) dated 8th December 1899, No. 2831—42, published in the *Mysore Gazette* with Notification No. 8134—Mis. 2321, dated the 17th January 1900, regarding the desirability of Indian students and others visiting England, providing themselves, before their departure from India, with an authoritative certificate of identity in the form appended, is republished for general information:—

No. 2831—42.

Extract from the Proceedings of the Government of India in the Home Department (Public), under date Calcutta, the 8th December 1899.

RESOLUTION.

The Secretary of State for India has brought to the notice of the Government of India that it not infrequently happens that natives of India, students or others, who have proceeded to England, desire to obtain passports to enable them to travel to foreign countries in which the possession of a passport is necessary or desirable, and that difficulty often arises from want of evidence to show that the applicant is a British subject and therefore entitled to a passport. Appeals for assistance are also frequently addressed to His Lordship by destitute Indians, who desire to return to their country, and by students who, owing to embarrassed circumstances, are unable to complete their course of education.

2. In order to enable the Secretary of State to deal with such cases satisfactorily, the Governor-General in Council has decided that it is necessary to press upon Indian students and others visiting England, the desirability of providing themselves before their departure from India, with an authoritative certificate of identity, in the form appended to this Resolution, signed by the head of the district (in a Presidency Town, the Commissioner of Police) in the case of residents of British India and by the Political Officer in that of residents of

Native States. For a student the certificate should be signed by the head of his last school or college and countersigned by the District Officer (in a Presidency Town, the Commissioner of Police) or Political Officer, as the case may be.

FORM OF CERTIFICATE OF IDENTITY.

1. Name of applicant.
2. Father's name and caste.
3. Residence.
4. Age of applicant.
5. *Nationality of applicant.
6. Social and pecuniary status of father (or guardian).
7. Date of probable departure of applicant from India.
8. Object of applicant's visit to England (Europe).

Dated

*i.e., Whether a British subject by birth or by naturalization (or a subject of a Native State).
Countersignature of a District or Political Officer should be obtained on certificates signed by Heads of schools or colleges.

No. 3134—*San.* 11-17, *dated* 8*th December* 1917.

Under Clause 1 of Section 2 of Regulation I of 1906, it is hereby declared that vaccination shall be compulsory for a further period of three years, from 1st January 1918, within the limits of the Malur Municipality.

No. G. 292—*G. M.* 51-11-1, *dated* 13*th July* 1914.

It is hereby notified for general information that applications for appointments in the State Service should be drawn upon printed copies of the form appended below. Applications not complying with this requirement are liable to be overlooked.

APPLICATION FOR APPOINTMENT.

SIR,

I beg to tender this my application for appointment and state the following particulars. Specimens of my handwriting in English and Kanarese, on half sheets of paper, foolscap size, are annexed hereto together with copies of my testimonials.

I am, your obedient servant,

(*Signature*)

(1) Name
(2) Approximate date of birth
(3) Father's name
(4) Caste, sect, etc.
(5) Place of birth or domicile
(6) Residence and address
(7) Previous appointment, if any, and the reason for its cessation.
(8) Present occupation and salary, if any
(9) What post is sought
(10) Claims by relationship to past or existing servants of the State.
(11) Personal claims (such as by services rendered in acting or temporary appointments, etc.).
(12) Qualifications such as examinations passed, etc.
(13) Other particulars which the applicant wishes to state.

By Order,
C. S. BALASUNDARAM IYER,
Chief Secretary to Government.

REVENUE.

No. R. 5661—*L. R.* 14-17-18(*a*), *dated* 22*nd December* 1917.

Under Section 6 of the Land Acquisition Regulation, VII of 1894, it is hereby declared that the land described hereunder is required for a public purpose, *viz.*, for the extension of the village site, and under Sections 7 and 3 (*c*) of the said Regulation, the Assistant Commissioner in charge of Dodballapur Sub-Division, Bangalore District, is appointed to perform the